TDS-535 Tuned Dipole Set Operation Manual

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INTRODUCTION



PARTS LIST - TDS-535

| | Model | Part | |
|-----|------------|--------|---|
| QTY | Number | Number | Description |
| 1 | TSC-535 | 2454 | Transit Storage Case |
| 2 | N/A | N/A | Keys |
| 1 | FCC-1 | 2311 | Tuned Dipole Antenna (25 MHz – 70 MHz) |
| 1 | FCC-2 | 2312 | Tuned Dipole Antenna (65 MHz – 180 MHz) |
| 1 | FCC-3 | 2313 | Tuned Dipole Antenna (170 MHz – 340 MHz) |
| 1 | FCC-4 | 2314 | Tuned Dipole Antenna (325 MHz – 1000 MHz) |
| 4 | N/A | 2336 | Extension Elements |
| 2 | N/A | 2337-2 | Telescoping Elements |
| 1 | SAC-213-10 | 2111 | 3 Meter Cable, N(m) to N(m) |
| 1 | ABC-TD | 2332-1 | Clamp |
| 1 | N/A | 2346 | Tape Measure |

INTENDED PURPOSES

This equipment is intended for general laboratory use in a wide variety of industrial and scientific applications, and designed to be used in the process of generating, controlling and measuring high levels of electromagnetic Radio Frequency (RF) energy. It is the responsibility of the user to assure that the device is operated in a location which will control the radiated energy such that it will not cause injury and will not violate regulatory levels of electromagnetic interference.

RANGE OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

This equipment is designed to be safe under the following environmental conditions:

Indoor use Altitude up to 2000M Temperature of 5°C to 40°C Maximum relative humidity 80 % for temperatures up to 31°C. Decreasing linearly to 50% at 40°C Pollution degree 2: Normally non-conductive with occasional condensation.

While the equipment will not cause hazardous condition over this environmental range, performance may vary.

GENERAL INFORMATION

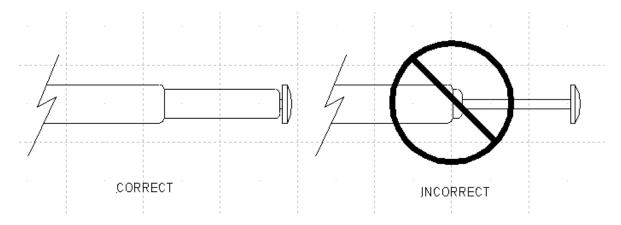
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The A.H. Systems TDS-535 Tuned Dipole Antenna Set is manufactured per ANSI C63.5 (Willmar Roberts design) and covers the 25 MHz – 1 GHz Frequency Range. This half wave dipole set provides an accurate standard for precise EMI testing and site attenuation measurements (per EN55022 and ANSI C63.4), and should be considered as a standard reference antenna for frequencies below 1000 MHz.

The tuned dipole antenna set is designed for radiated emissions and site attenuation measurements over the 25 MHz – 1 GHz frequency range. The Tuned Dipole Antenna Set is contained in a rugged, lightweight storage case and includes four Baluns, Element extension rods, telescoping Elements, 10 Meter Cable, Tape Measure and a antenna balun clamp with a ¼-20 thread for mounting the baluns to a tripod. Each set is individually calibrated per ANSI C63.5 at 3 and 10 meters (three antenna technique) using NIST traceable test equipment. Two Dipole Sets in one case (TDS-535-2) is available as an option. Review this manual and become familiar with all safety markings and instructions. Verify that the equipment impedance is compatible with the receiver impedance.

Using your antennas

To use your antennas, you must set them up either on a tripod for informal testing or on a mast for site attenuation and/or compliance testing. The telescoping elements should be adjusted to the resonant frequency. When adjusting the elements make sure that the largest OD is exposed.



When adjusting the elements for frequency in-between those data points provided, linear extrapolation can be used. The output of the antennas should be plugged into a 50-ohm receiver or spectrum analyzer.

The ANSI C63.5 derived a theoretical curve for the predicted site attenuation for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1 GHz. In order to make the calculation simple, it was assumed that the antenna could be raised and lowered to achieve a height where the transmitted signal from the transmitting antenna arrived at the receiving antenna in phase with the signal bouncing off the ground plane. The receiving antenna therefore receives two signals, a direct wave and reflected wave. Raising and lowering the antenna finds the height where these two waves reinforce and yield maximum received signal strength.

ANTENNA SPECIFICATIONS

The FCC-1 Dipole Antenna specifications:

| Frequency Range | |
|--------------------------|----------|
| Maximum Continuous Power | |
| Antenna Factor | |
| Gain | |
| Balun Loss | < 0.5 dB |
| Average VSWR | < 1.5:1 |
| Impedance | |
| Connector Type | |
| Weight | |
| Size (W x H x D) | |

The FCC-2 Dipole Antenna specifications:

| Frequency Range | 65 MHz - 180 MHz |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Maximum Continuous Power | |
| Antenna Factor | 4 to 14 dB/m |
| Gain | 1 to 2 dBi |
| Balun Loss | < 0.5 dB |
| Average VSWR | < 1.5:1 |
| Impedance | |
| Connector Type | |
| Weight | |
| Size (W x H x D) | 93 X 21.7 X 1.5 (inches) |

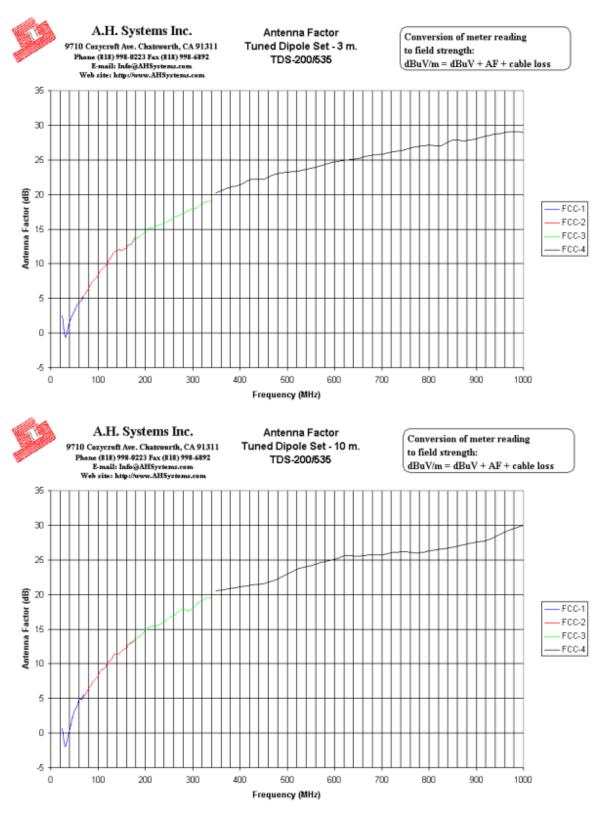
The FCC-3 Dipole Antenna specifications:

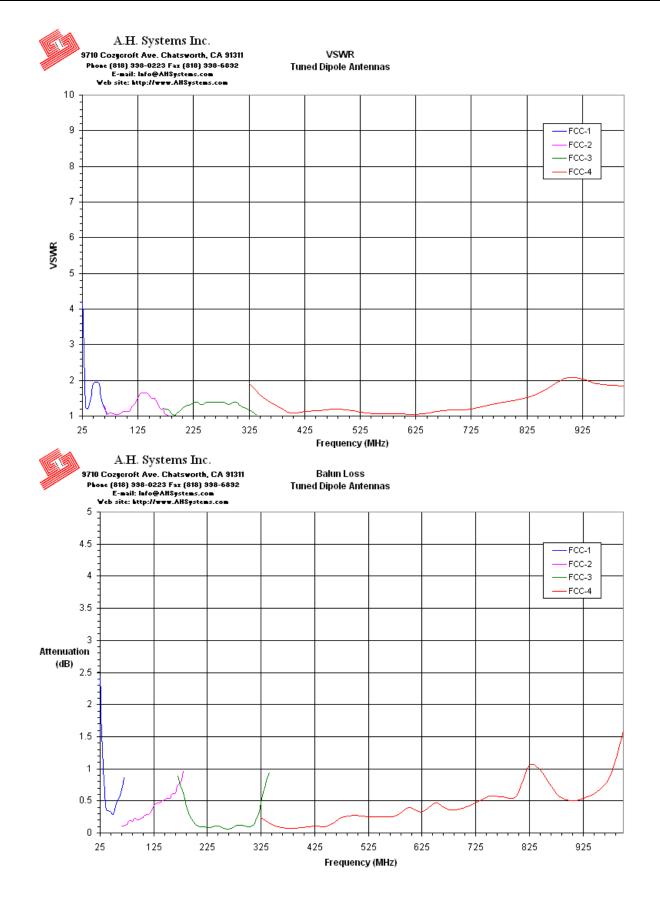
| Frequency Range | 170 MHz - 340 MHz |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Maximum Continuous Power | 90 Watts |
| Antenna Factor | 13 to 20 dB/m |
| Gain | 1 to 2 dBi |
| Balun Loss | < 0.5 dB |
| Average VSWR | < 1.5:1 |
| Impedance | 50 Ω |
| Connector Type | |
| Weight | |
| Size (W x H x D) | |

The FCC-4 Dipole Antenna specifications:

| Frequency Range | 325 MHz - 1000 MHz |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Maximum Continuous Power | 60 Watts |
| Antenna Factor | 19 to 29 dB/m |
| Gain | 0 to 2 dBi |
| Balun Loss | < 0.5 dB |
| Average VSWR | < 1.5:1 |
| Impedance | 50 W |
| Connector Type | N-type Female |
| Weight | 0.4 lbs. |
| Size (W x H x D) | 16 X 9.0 X 1.5 (inches) |

TYPICAL DATA





OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

To prepare the antenna for operation, attach the appropriate elements to the balun, which covers the frequency of desired operation. See the table below for details. Screw elements on opposite ends of the top portion of the balun to make a symmetrical dipole. Attach the supplied 50-ohm cable from antenna balun to any receiver.

| Dipole Antenna | Frequency | Elements | Length |
|-------------------|--------------------|---|----------------------|
| FCC-1 | 25 MHz – 70 MHz | 4 Extension Elements 2 detachable elements | Adjustable 8" to 96" |
| FCC-2 | 65 MHz – 180 MHz | 2 detachable elements | Adjustable 8" to 48" |
| FCC-3 | 170 MHz – 340 MHz | 2 detachable elements | Adjustable 8" to 48" |
| FCC-4 | 325 MHz – 1000 MHz | 2 fixed elements | Adjustable 3" to 8" |

MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS

Mount the ABC-TD to any $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 screw. Insert the balun into the balun clamp and tighten the $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 wing nut.

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS

The tuned dipole antenna has two quarter wavelength elements for a total of $\lambda/2$. Each dipole balun covers a specific frequency range and the elements must be tuned to the desired frequency. The theoretical element length is (300/F_{MHz} /2), however we provide slightly different lengths that are tuned to the maximum Return loss. The calibration tables that follow in this manual provide a list of the frequencies of operation for each antenna. Listed next to each frequency is the antenna factor, gain (dBi) and the tuned element length (L/2) for each frequency.

The "L/2" lengths given in the data tables are the half length of the dipole at each frequency. "L/2" is the length measured from the notch in the center of the antenna to each tip of the two elements. The overall tip to tip dipole element length will be 2 X "L/2" in length (L = $\frac{1}{2}$ wavelength in frequency).

NOTE: Due to the finite diameter of the antenna elements, the optimum or tuned length of the dipole is found to be slightly less than the half-wavelength determined by calculations.

When making a measurement, mount the antenna on an appropriate mast or tripod. Point the main lobe of the dipole toward the transmission source.

ELEMENT LENGTHS

| - | | |
|-----------|---------|--|
| Frequency | Element | |
| (MHz) | Length | |
| FCC-I | | |
| 25 | 96 | |
| 30 | 96 | |
| 35 | 82 | |
| 40 | 71 1/2 | |
| 45 | 63 3/4 | |
| 50 | 57 | |
| 55 | 54 1/2 | |
| 60 | 47 1/4 | |
| 65 | 45 | |
| 70 | 41 | |
| 70 | 41 | |
| FC | CC-2 | |
| 65 | 46 1/4 | |
| 70 | 43 | |
| 75 | 39 7/8 | |
| 80 | 36 3/4 | |
| 00 | 22 2/4 | |
| 85 | 33 3/4 | |
| 90 | 32 5/8 | |
| 95 | 30 5/8 | |
| 100 | 28 3/4 | |
| 105 | 27 1/4 | |
| 110 | 25 7/8 | |
| 115 | 24 5/8 | |
| 120 | 23 3/8 | |
| 125 | 22 3/8 | |
| 130 | 21 1/2 | |
| 135 | 20 3/4 | |
| 140 | 20 1/8 | |
| 145 | 19 3/8 | |
| 150 | 18 3/4 | |
| 155 | 18 | |
| 160 | 17 1/4 | |
| 165 | 16 5/8 | |
| 170 | 16 1/8 | |
| 175 | 15 5/8 | |
| 180 | 15 3/16 | |
| | | |
| FC | CC-3 | |
| 170 | 16 1/8 | |
| 180 | 15 3/16 | |
| 190 | 14 5/16 | |
| 200 | 13 5/8 | |
| 210 | 12 7/8 | |
| | ,• | |

| Frequency | Element |
|-----------|----------------------------------|
| (MHz) | Length |
| 220 | 12 1/4 |
| 230 | 11 9/16 |
| 240 | 11 1/8 |
| 250 | 10 5/8 |
| 260 | 10 1/4 |
| 270 | 9 15/16 |
| 280 | 9 11/16 |
| 290 | 9 3/16 |
| 300 | 8 3/4 |
| 310 | 8 5/16 |
| 320 | 8 |
| 330 | 7 13/16 |
| 340 | 7 11/16 |
| | |
| FCC | C-4 |
| 325 | 8 1/8 |
| 350 | 7 3/4 |
| 375 | 7 1/2 |
| 400 | 7 1/8 |
| 425 | 6 9/16 |
| 450 | 6 1/8 |
| 475 | 5 5/8 |
| 500 | 5 1/4 |
| 525 | 4 15/16 |
| 550 | 4 3/4 |
| 575 | 4 1/2 |
| 600 | 4 3/8 |
| 625 | 4 1/8 |
| 650 | 4 |
| 675 | 3 13/16 |
| 700 | 3 11/16 |
| 725 | 3 7/16 |
| 750 | 3 1/4 |
| 775 | 3 1/8 |
| 800 | 3 |
| 825 | 2 15/16 |
| 850 | 2 7/8 |
| 875 | 2 11/16 |
| 900 | 2 5/8 |
| 925 | 2 5/8 |
| 950 | 2 5/8 |
| 975 | 2 5/8 2 5/8 2 5/8 2 5/8 |
| 1000 | 2 5/8 |
| | |
| | |

CALCULATIONS

EMISSIONS TESTING

Individual calibration data for the Tuned Dipole Antennas is supplied at appropriate distances (3, and 10 meter) to comply with various emissions test requirements. For emissions measurements, add antenna factor plus cable loss to receiver reading in $dB\mu V$ to convert to field strength in $dB\mu V/m$.

Field Strength(dBuV/m) = SA(dBuV) + AF(dB/m) + cable loss (dB)

SA = Spectrum Analyzer or Receiver voltage reading

AF = Antenna Correction Factor

CL = Cable Loss in dB

IMMUNITY TESTING

For Immunity measurements, the generated electric field strength can be calculated by:

FS = Approximate Field Strength in (V/m)

$$FS (V/m) = \frac{\sqrt{30Pg}}{d}$$

P = Power in watts

g = Numeric Gain

d = Distance in meters

TYPICAL CONVERSION FORMULAS

LOG -> LINEAR VOLTAGE

| $dB\mu V$ to Volts | $V = 10^{((dB\mu V - 120)/20)}$ | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Volts to $dB\mu V$ | $dB\mu V = 20 \log(V) + 120$ | |
| dBV to Volts | V = 10 (dBV / 20) | |
| Volts to dBV | dBV = 20log(V) | |
| dBV to $dB\mu V$ | $dB\mu V = dBV + 120$ | |
| $dB\mu V$ to dBV | $dBV = dB\mu V - 120$ | |
| LOG -> LINEAR CURRENT | | |
| dBµA to uA | $\mu A = 10 \ ^{(dB\mu A / 20)}$ | |
| μA to dBμA | $dB\mu A = 20 \log(\mu A)$ | |
| dBA to A | A = 10 (dBA/20) | |

| UDA IO A | $A = 10^{(ab)(120)}$ |
|-------------|-----------------------|
| A to dBA | dBA = 20log(A) |
| dBA to dBµA | $dB\mu A = dBA + 120$ |
| dBµA to dBA | dBA = dBμA -120 |

LOG -> LINEAR POWER

dBW = dBm - 30

 $dB\mu V = dBm + 107$

 $dBm = dB\mu V - 107$

 $dB\mu A = dBm - 73$

 $dBm = dB\mu A + 73$

 $dB\mu V = dB\mu A + 34$

 $dB\mu A = dB\mu V - 34$

 $dB\mu V = dB\mu A + 20log(Z)$

 $dB\mu A = dB\mu V - 20log(Z)$

 $dB\mu V = dBm + 10log(Z) + 90$

 $dBm = dB\mu V - 10log(Z) - 90$

 $dB\mu A = dBm - 10log(Z) + 90$

 $dBm = dB\mu A + 10log(Z) - 90$

(50Ω)

(50Ω)

(50Ω)

(50Ω)

(50Ω)

(50Ω)

TERM CONVERSIONS

| dBm to Watts | $W = 10^{((dBm - 30)/10)}$ |
|--------------|----------------------------|
| Watts to dBm | dBm = 10log(W) + 30 |
| dBW to Watts | $W = 10^{(dBW / 10)}$ |
| Watts to dBW | dBW = 10log(W) |
| dBW to dBm | dBm = dBW + 30 |
| | |

dBpT to c W/m² to V V/m to W μT to A/m A/m to µ

FIELD STRENGTH & POWER DENSITY V/m = 10 (((dBuV/m) - 120) / 20)dBµV/m to V/m

| dBµV/m to V/m | $V/m = 10 (((dB\mu V/m) - 120) / 20)$ |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| V/m to $dB\mu V/m$ | $dB\mu V/m = 20 \log(V/m) + 120$ |
| $dB\mu V/m$ to $dBmW/m^2$ | $dBmW/m^2 = dB\mu V/m - 115.8$ |
| dBmW/m² to dB μ V/m | $dB\mu V/m = dBmW/m^2 + 115.8$ |
| dBµV/m to dBµA/m | $dB\mu A/m = dB\mu V/m - 51.5$ |
| dB μ A/m to dB μ V/m | $dB\mu V/m = dB\mu A + 51.5$ |
| $dB\mu A/m$ to $dBpT$ | $DBpT = dB\mu A/m + 2$ |
| dBpT to dBµA/m | $dB\mu A/m = dBpT - 2$ |
| W/m ² to V/m | $V/m = SQRT(W/m^2 * 377)$ |
| V/m to W/m ² | $W/m^2 = (V/m)^2 / 377$ |
| μT to A/m | $A/m = \mu T / 1.25$ |
| A/m to μT | μT = 1.25 * A/m |
| | |

E-FIELD ANTENNAS

| Correction Factor | $dB\mu V/m = dB\mu V + AF$ |
|-------------------|----------------------------|
| Field Strength | √/m =I 30 * watts * Ga |
| Poquired Dower | meters |
| Required Power | Watts = (V/m * meters |

| $\sqrt{m} = 1.30 * watts * Gain$ | numeric |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| meters | |
| Watts = $(V/m * meters)^2$ | |
| 30 * Gain numeric | |

LOOP ANTENNAS

Correction Factors Assumed E-field for shielded loops

 $dB\mu A/m = dB\mu V + AF$ $dB\mu V/m = dB\mu A/m + 51.5$

 $dBpT = dB\mu V + dBpT/\mu V$

CURRENT PROBES

Correction Factor

 $dB\mu A = dB\mu V - dB_{(ohm)}$

Power needed for injection probe given voltage(V) into 50Ω load and Probe Insertion Loss (I_L)

 $Watts = 10 ((I_L + 10log(V^2/50))/10)$

dBm to dBW

dBm to $dB\mu V$

dBµV to dBm

dBm to dBµA

dBµA to dBm

dBµA to dBµV

dBµV to dBµA

MAINTENANCE

MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

Proper antenna maintenance should include:

- Visual inspection of RF connectors
- Check for bent and loose elements
- Check for loose or missing hardware
- Corrosion near the element joints

At least once a month it is a good idea to wipe down the antenna with a damp rag.

ANNUAL CALIBRATION

To ensure reliable and repeatable long-term performance, annual re-calibration of your antennas, preamplifiers and current probes by A.H. Systems experienced technicians is recommended. Our staff can calibrate almost any type or brand of antenna.

It is always up to the user to determine the appropriate interval for calibration certification based on the requirements of the end user's specific test/application. The calibration of EMC antennas is important for those conforming to compatibility standard. Radiated emissions testing for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) requires the measurement of electric field (E-field) strength, which is compared with a limit level. The output voltage of an antenna is converted to E-field strength via its antenna factor, the measurement of which must include the uncertainty components related to that particular antenna, taking into consideration the environment in which the antenna is to be used for the testing. Most standards will specify the appropriate interval for recalibration of your EMC antenna.

In some cases, these antennas are used for a manufacturer's pre-compliance testing, field monitoring, surveillance and/or other applications where the exact field intensity of the received signal is not of importance. For those customers a yearly re-calibration is not necessary, however it is recommended that an interval for maintenance be performed.

For more information about our calibration services or to place an order for antenna calibration visit our website at http://www.AHSystems.com or call 1(818) 998-0223.

TROUBLESHOOTING

| Problem | Possible Cause | Possible Solution |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| No or low response | No transmitted signal | Investigate transmitter |
| | Signal level below noise floor | Add a preamplifier |
| | Incorrectly adjusted elements | Ensure that the elements are adjusted to the proper length per element lengths table (page 9) |
| | Bad balun | Contact A.H. Systems, inc. |

SERVICE INFORMATION

If you have any questions or comments regarding this unit's operation or you need technical advice, repair, or genuine factory replacement parts, please contact our Customer Service Department or visit our website at www.AHSystems.com.

WARRANTY INFORMATION

A.H. Systems Inc., warrants that our Antennas, Sensors and Probes will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of three (3) years. All other products delivered under contract will be warranted for a period of two (2) years. Damage caused by excessive signals at the product's input is not covered under the warranty. A.H. Systems' obligation under this warranty shall be limited to repairing or replacing, F.O.B. Chatsworth, California, each part of the product which is defective, provided that the buyer gives A.H. Systems notice of such defect within the warranty period commencing with the delivery of the product by A.H. Systems.

The remedy set forth herein shall be the only remedy available to the buyer, and in no event shall A.H. Systems be liable for direct, indirect, incidental or consequential damages.

This warranty shall not apply to any part of the product which, without fault of A.H. Systems has been subject to alteration, failure caused by a part not supplied by A.H. Systems, accident, fire or other casualty, negligence, misuse or normal wear of materials.

Except for the warranty set forth above, there are no other warranties, expressed or implied, with respect to the condition of the product or it's suitability for the use intended for them by the buyer.

For prompt service, please contact our service department for a Return Material Authorization Number before shipping equipment back to us.